DOCKET NO.: JANS-0060 **Application No.:** 10/518,987

Office Action Dated: March 29, 2007

PATENT REPLY FILED UNDER EXPEDITED PROCEDURE PURSUANT TO 37 CFR § 1.116

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. Listing of Claims:

- 1. (*Currently Amended*) A solid dispersion comprising a poorly soluble bioactive compound dispersed in a polymer matrix that comprises a first polymer <u>comprising</u> a copolymer of vinylpyrrolidone and vinylacetate that allows a homogenous or molecular dispersion of the bioactive compound in the polymer matrix and a second polymer that has a dissolution profile associated with the creation of a micro-environment enhancing the dissolution of the bioactive compound in an aqueous environment, wherein said first polymer and said second polymer are present in a ratio of about 70:30 to about 80:20.
- 2. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 characterized in that the polymer matrix comprises a polymer having a stabilizing effect on the bioactive compound in solution.
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer allowing enhanced dissolution of the bioactive compound in an aqueous environment is a cationic polymer based on dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate and neutral methacrylic ester.
- 5. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer allowing enhanced dissolution of the bioactive compound in an aqueous environment is hydroxyl-propyl methyl cellulose.
- 6. (*Currently Amended*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer matrix comprises a cationic polymer based on dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate and neutral methacrylic esters and <u>said first polymer a copolymer of vinylpyrrolidone and vinylacetate</u>.

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- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 enhancing the bioavailability of an orally administered bioactive compound.
- 10. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the bioactive compound is a class II drug in the Biopharmaceutical Classification System.
- 11. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the bioactive compound is a class IV drug in the Biopharmaceutical Classification System.
- 12. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the aqueous environment is a gastro-intestinal fluid.
- 13. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 12 wherein the aqueous environment is a gastric fluid.
- 14. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 prepared by extrusion.
- 15. (*Previously Presented*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 prepared by spray-drying.
- 16. (*New*) A solid dispersion comprising a poorly soluble bioactive compound dispersed in a polymer matrix that comprises a first polymer that allows a homogenous or molecular dispersion of the bioactive compound in the polymer matrix and a second polymer that has a dissolution profile associated with the creation of a micro-environment enhancing the dissolution of the bioactive compound in an aqueous environment, wherein said first polymer and said second polymer are present in a ratio of about 70:30.

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17. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 characterized in that the polymer

matrix comprises a polymer having a stabilizing effect on the bioactive compound in

solution.

18. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer allowing a

homogenous dispersion is a copolymer of vinylpyrrolidone and vinylacetate.

19. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer allowing

enhanced dissolution of the bioactive compound in an aqueous environment is a cationic

polymer based on dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate and neutral methacrylic ester.

20. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer allowing

enhanced dissolution of the bioactive compound in an aqueous environment is hydroxyl-

propyl methyl cellulose.

21. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer matrix

comprises a cationic polymer based on dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate and neutral

methacrylic esters and a copolymer of vinylpyrrolidone and vinylacetate.

22. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the polymer matrix

comprises hydroxyl-propyl methyl cellulose and a copolymer of vinylpyrrolidone and

vinylacetate.

23. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 enhancing the bioavailability of an

orally administered bioactive compound.

24. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the bioactive compound is a

class II drug in the Biopharmaceutical Classification System.

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- 25. (*New*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the bioactive compound is a class IV drug in the Biopharmaceutical Classification System.
- 26. (*New*) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 wherein the aqueous environment is a gastro-intestinal fluid.
- 27. (*New*) The solid dispersion according to claim 12 wherein the aqueous environment is a gastric fluid.
- 28. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 prepared by extrusion.
- 29. (New) The solid dispersion according to claim 1 prepared by spray-drying.